The General Assembly Third Committee,

Deeply concerned that malaria poses a great threat to the lives of millions of people around the world and stymies economic progress in developing countries,

Guided by the international community’s commitment to the sixth goal of the Millennium Development Goals, to combat HIV/aids, malaria and other diseases, especially part C of the sixth goal, to have halted and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria by 2015, as adopted in General Assembly resolution 55/2,

Recalling resolution 65/273, in which Member States highlighted the importance of financial assistance in combating malaria and meeting the MDGs, particularly through the bilateral and multilateral distribution of funds,

Bearing in mind previous declarations for developed states to provide Official Development Assistance equal to .7% of their GNIs, as supported at meetings such as the International Conference on Financing for Development and the World Summit on Sustainable Development,

Having considered reports such as that of the MDG Gap Task Force, which recognizes that the .7% GNI target is essential to ensuring that humanitarian goals, such as the MDGs, are achieved,

Recognizing that without sufficient funds even low-cost preventative and treatment techniques, such as Insecticide Treated Nets, Long Lasting Insect Nets, and anti-malarial drugs like Artemisinin-based combination therapies (ACTs), continue to be unobtainable for numerous developing states,

Expressing satisfaction with the progress made by several Member States in creating timetables to reach .7% of their GNIs by 2015,

Further expressing satisfaction with Member States that have already achieved contributions amounting to .7% of their GNIs,

1. Reiterates the need for greater financial contributions to halt and begin reversing malaria by 2015, as well as to realize the other MDGs;

2. Calls upon Member States, specifically members of the OECD Development Assistance Committee, which have yet to establish timetables for increasing ODA to .7% of their GNIs, or which have not adhered to previously created timetables to begin formulating and implementing strategies for increasing their ODA to .7% of their GNIs expeditiously;

3. Suggests that to assist members of the OECD Development Assistance Committee in completing the target above, members should adopt a universal timetable for Official Development Assistance with the following deadlines and amounts:

   a) by June 2013, members of the Development Assistance Committee should achieve a target of .44% of their GNIs in ODA,

   b) by June 2014, members of the Development Assistance Committee should achieve a target of .54% of their GNIs in ODA,

   c) by June 2015, members of the Development Assistance Committee should achieve a target of .64% of their GNIs in ODA,

   d) by December 31 2015, members of the Development Assistance Committee should achieve the final .7% target for ODA;
4. **Recommends** that the donor states of the Development Assistance Committee submit a report regarding the implementation of the above timetable to the United Nations Development Program for review three months prior to each deadline;

5. **Expresses satisfaction** with efforts such as those of the AMFm group to increase the accessibility of badly needed resources for the treatment of malaria, and encourages Member States to adopt similar programs for preventative measures.