

## UMACF Internship Syllabus ANTY 398 (CRN 70387) and ANTY 598 (CRN 72220)

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The University of Montana's Anthropological Curation Facility Internships are designed to serve a dual purpose: 1.) to give students an opportunity for hands-on experience and 2.) to allow the repository to operate at full capacity, clearing its 40+ year backlog without having to have a million dollar operating budget.

## Credit

Every student is allowed to count 6 internships towards graduation. The Internship may be taken for 2-6 credits and can be taken for more than one semester upon approval. For every credit taken, 3 hours per week are owed to the repository.

## Hours & Scheduling

- Students must commit to a work schedule and give notice prior to missing hours.
- Deficit hours may ONLY be made up the week following the loss unless previous arrangements have been made with the curator.
- If normally scheduled hours fall on an official school holiday, you may count them toward your weekly total.
- There are no mandatory hours required during finals week; you may use this time to make up hours with prior approval.
- Spring Break and Thanksgiving IF the repository is open during these holidays you may use this as a time to make up deficit hours or to bank hours for the future.

## Grading

50% = Completion of hours every week

- Fall & Spring Semesters ~ 3 hours per credit per week
- Summer Semester ~ 4 hours per credit per week (10 week session only)
- Deficit hours can be made up with the approval of the curator

40% = Work Performance & Participation

- · Completion of tasks on time and correctly
- Skill improvement
- No show no call: 1<sup>st</sup> -10% drop in grade

2<sup>nd</sup> - 20% additional drop in grade

3<sup>rd</sup> - You will receive a failing grade

10% = Attitude

#### Intern Tier System

Level 1 - No prior lab or field experience; completed Intro to Archaeology with a B or higher.

Level 2 - No prior lab or field experience; completed Intro to Archaeology and at least two of the following courses with a B or higher: Anthropological Museology, Lithic Analysis, Historical Sites Archaeology, Archaeology of Montana, Archaeology of Hunter-Gatherers, Principles of Forensic Anthropology, Anthropological Field Experience.

Level 3 – Prior lab and/or field experience; completed Anthropological Museology, Artifact Analysis, and at least two of the following courses with a B or higher: Lithic Analysis, Historical Sites Archaeology, Archaeological Survey, Forensic and Mortuary Archaeology, Archaeology of Montana, Archaeology of Hunter-Gatherers, Principles of Forensic Anthropology

Level 4 - Graduate level standing, prior lab and field experience, and artifact cataloging experience.

## **Ethics**

Any student caught stealing, lying, cheating, harassing, or otherwise not adhering to the University's Code of Conduct will be fired, given a failing grade, and reported to University Administration. Stealing will also be reported to Law Enforcement authorities, and the offender will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

## Basic Rules of the Repository:

# NOT ADHERING TO THESE RULES WILL RESULT IN THE TERMINATION OF YOUR INTERNSHIP OR ELIGIBILITY TO VOLUNTEER

- 1. Harassment of any kind will NOT be tolerated and will result in immediate dismissal.
- 2. This is a learning environment; please respect the learning styles of your fellow students. Ask questions PLEASE.
- 3. Nothing is deleted or thrown away without prior approval from the curator.
- 4. Wash your hands before coming down to the repository if you are a smoker, this is MANDATORY.
- 5. HANDWRITING COUNTS Speed and pace are important, but legibility is MORE important.
- 6. Artifacts are not allowed to leave the repository or lab without prior approval of the curator; removal without permission will be considered theft.
- 7. The UMACF and labs are NOT social zones. Your friends may NOT enter the facilities without approval.
- 8. Do NOT touch artifacts, especially ethnographic items that are out, unless they are your project. This is for your safety, cultural sensitivity, and the preservation of the items.
- 9. Backpacks, purses, and bags must be left outside the facility.
- 10. Always clean up after yourself; do not leave messes for someone else.
- 11. If you aren't 100% sure, ASK! Do NOT guess, assume, ignore, or adlib!

## Provenience vs. Provenance

Provenance: Place of origin; derivation.

- a. The history of the ownership of an object, especially when documented or authenticated and used to authenticate artworks, antiques, and books. The origin or place of manufacture of an object.
- b. The records or documents authenticating such an object or the history of its ownership or manufacture.

Provenience: A spatial source or origin from which an artifact is recovered.

An artifact's exact location in the archaeological record; its X,Y,Z coordinates (y axis= north/south; x axis=east/west; z axis = elevation/depth)

#### **Smithsonian Trinomial Site Number:**

Three part alpha-numeric numbering system.

State County Individual Site # for the county

Ex: 24YL1 24= Montana

YL= Yellowstone County

1 = Pictograph Cave

## Repository Organization

- 1. Accession/Project
- 2. Site
- 3. Excavation Year
- 4. Provenience
- 5. Material Type
- 6. Artifact Number

## **Material Types**

LITHIC = a mineral altered/worked by humans

MINERAL = a naturally occurring solid substance formed through biochemical processes

CERAMIC = crystalline mineral substances often mixed with temper and heated or dried

FAUNAL = animal remains, i.e. bone, horn, antler, skin (not tanned), fur, feathers, turtle shell

LEATHER = "chemically" altered animal hide

METAL = all smelted metal

SHELL = mollusk exoskeleton

GLASS = amorphous material mostly used in windows, mirrors, storage vessels, tableware, optoelectronics and decorative items

PLASTIC = synthetic or natural organic materials that are often shaped when soft and then hardened

RUBBER = a highly elastic solid substance made from the juice of rubber trees and plants

FLORA = plants and their component elements like pollen

SOIL SAMPLE = sample of soil collected for the express purpose of composition analysis

CHARCOAL = carbonaceous material made by heating organic substances in the absence of air

TEXTILE = any cloth or goods produced by weaving, knitting, or felting

OSTEOLOGICAL = used for our purposes to specifically denote HUMAN bone

FOSSIL = preserved remains of organic matter, can be permineralized, compression, mold, resin, or trace

PAPER = substance made from wood pulp, rags, straw, or other fibrous material, usually in thin sheets

COMPOSITE = two or more of the above